

Talk about vaccine incentive system.

튜터링 활동 참고 자료13: 백신 인센티브



<https://www.supermarketnews.com/issues-trends/kroger-dangles-incentives-consumers-get-covid-19-shots>(사진출처)

1. 말하기 활동

1) 각자 나라의 코로나 상황에 대해 알려주는 시간을 가져보세요.

Take time to talk about the corona situation in each country.

2) 혹시 백신을 맞은 적이 있다면, 백신을 맞은 뒤, 어떤 증상을 겪었는지 이야기해보세요

If you've ever been vaccinated, tell us what symptoms you've experienced after being vaccinated.

3) 대다수의 나라가 백신접종을 마친 국민들을 대상으로 백신 인센티브 제도를 실시할 예정인데 이에 관해 개인적인 의견을 이야기해보세요.

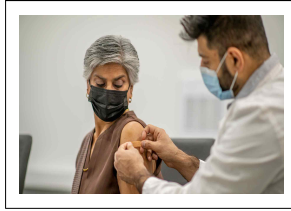
Most countries are planning to implement a vaccination incentive system for people who have been vaccinated, so talk to each other about your personal opinions.

1. 어휘와 표현 익히기

1) new words



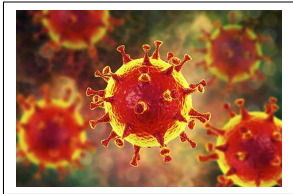
부작용
side effect



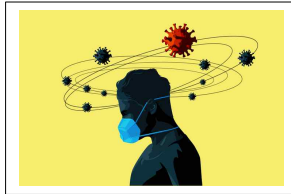
1차/2차 접종
frist/second dose



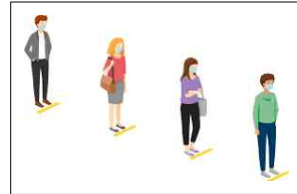
충분한 휴식
enough rest



감염
infection



확진자
confirmed case



사회적 거리두기
social distancing

2) new expressions

-는 데(에) -이/가 걸리다, 들다 is added to the end of verbs to express how much money, time, or effort is involved in doing a task. It means 'takes/requires/costs ...to(do)' in English. This expression is made by adding -는데 걸리다/들다 to the stems of verbs. -는 데 걸리다 is used when expressing an amount of time required, and -는 데 들다 is used when expressing an amount of money required.

(Conversation 1)

A: 여기에서 부산까지 가는데 얼마나 걸려요?

How long does it take to get to Busan from here?

B: 버스로 가면 40분, 지하철로 가면 20분 걸려요.

If you go by bus, it takes 40 minutes, and if you go by subway, 20 minutes.

(Conversation 2)

A: 지난주에 이사했어요? 이사하는데 돈이 얼마나 들었어요?

Did you move(change residences) last week? How much did it cost to move?

B: 150만 원 정도 들었어요.

It cost about 1,500,000 won.

